I Mina'trentai Singko Na Liheslaturan Guāhan THE THIRTY-FIFTH GUAM LEGISLATURE Bill HISTORY 9/9/2020 3:22 PM

#### I Mina'trentai Singko Na Liheslaturan Guåhan BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
397-35 (COR)	Tina Rose Muña Barnes Joe S. San Agustin	AN ACT TO ADD A NEW § 61548 AND AMEND § 61545 OF SUBARTICLE 5, ARTICLE 5, CHAPTER 61, TITLE 21, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO REGULATING OFF-PREMISE SIGNAGE, AND EXPANDING THE PENALTY FOR SIGNAGE VIOLATIONS AND INCLUDING A FINE FOR DELAYED ACTION ON SUCH VIOLATIONS.	2:55 p.m.						

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# I MINA'TRENTAI SINGKO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2020 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No. 397-35 (COR)

Introduced by:

1

William M. Castro
Tina Rose Muña Barnes Jun Joe S. San Agustin

AN ACT TO ADD A NEW § 61548 AND AMEND § 61545 OF SUBARTICLE 5, ARTICLE 5, CHAPTER 61, TITLE 21, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO REGULATING OFF-PREMISE SIGNAGE, AND EXPANDING THE PENALTY FOR SIGNAGE VIOLATIONS AND INCLUDING A FINE FOR DELAYED ACTION ON SUCH VIOLATIONS.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

- 2 Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. Section 1. Legislative
- 3 Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that while local statutes for
- 4 outdoor commercial signage have been recently updated, with public law
- 5 implementing regulations regarding digital, on premise signage, including,
- 6 specifically signage in the Tumon Bay H Resort Hotel Zone, there continues to exist
- 7 a gap in public policy regulating off premise and other categories of signage.
- 8 I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that if managed and permitted properly, off-
- 9 premise signage can provide significant public benefit, including the ability to
- 10 disseminate important public service announcements in a timely manner, such as
- 11 Amber Alerts and storm warnings.

1	I Liheslaturan Guåhan further finds that it is necessary to ensure that off-
2	premise signs, digital or static, do not distract drivers and endanger the public safety
3	on Guam's roads, that the aesthetics of the community environment are protected,
4	and that off-premise signs are placed and operated in a manner that does not harm
5	surrounding properties.
6	I Liheslaturan Guåhan intends to hereby establish off-premise sign
7	regulations to ensure that off-premise signs are appropriate to the land, building or
8	use to which they are appurtenant, and the process by which off-premise sign permits
9	may be obtained.
10	Section 2. A new § 61548 is hereby added Subarticle 5, Article 5, Chapter
11	61, Title 21, Guam Code Annotated, to read:
12	"§ 61548. Permitting and Regulation of Off-Premise Signage.
13	(a) <u>Purpose</u> . The purpose if this Section is to:
14	(1) permit the construction and operation of off-premise signage;
15	<u>and</u>
16	(2) regulate off premise signs operated on private or public
17	property,
18	(3) impose limitations relative to but not limited to location, height,
19	size, illumination, and image movement
20	(b) <u>Definitions.</u>
21	(1) <u>Digital billboard</u> : A sign that is static and changes messages by
22	any electronic process or remote control.
23	(2) Freestanding: A sign erected and maintained on a frame, mast
24	or pole not attached to any building, and not including ground
25	mounted signs.
26	(3) Government sign: A government sign is a sign that is
27	constructed, placed or maintained by the federal or local

1	government or a sign that is required to be constructed, placed
2	or maintained by the government either directly or to enforce a
3	property owner's rights.
4	(4) Ground mounted: A sign which extends from the ground, or
5	has support which places the bottom of the sign less than two
6	(2) feet from the ground.
7	(5) <u>Legal non-conforming off-premise sign:</u> Off-premise signs that
8	were approved by the government of Guam and erected in
9	accordance with stipulations provided by the government of
10	Guam prior to the adoption of this ordinance and which do not
11	conform to the provisions of this ordinance are declared legal
12	non-conforming signs. A sign that is erected and that is in place
13	and which conforms to the provisions of the sign ordinance at
14	the time it is erected, but which does not conform to an
15	amendment to this ordinance enacted subsequent to the
16	erection of said sign is also declared a legal non-conforming
17	off-premise sign.
18	(6) Off-premise sign: A sign which advertises goods, products or
19	services which are not sold, manufactured or distributed on or
20	from the premises or facilities on which the sign is located.
21	(7) Original art display: A hand-painted work of visual art that is
22	either affixed to or painted directly on the exterior wall of a
23	structure with the permission of the property owner. An
24	original art display does not include: mechanically produced or
25	computer generated prints or images, including, but not limited
26	to, digitally printed vinyl; electrical or mechanical components;
27	or changing image art display.

1	(8) Portable sign: Any structure without a permanent foundation
2	or otherwise permanently attached to a fixed location, which
3	can be carried, towed, hauled or driven and is primarily
4	designed to be moved rather than be limited to a fixed location
5	regardless of modifications that limit its movability.
6	(9) Sign: A name, identification, description, display or illustration.
7	which is affixed to, painted or represented directly or indirectly
8	upon a building, or other outdoor surface which directs
9	attention to or is designed or intended to direct attention to the
10	sign face or to an object, product, place, activity, person,
11	institution, organization or business. Signs located completely
12	within an enclosed building, and not exposed to view from a
13	street, must not be considered a sign. Each display surface of a
14	sign or sign face must be considered to be a sign.
15	(10) <u>Sign area</u> : the space enclosed within the extreme edges
16	of the sign for each sign face, not including the supporting
17	structure; or, where attached directly to a building wall or
18	surface, the space within the outline enclosing all the characters
19	of the words, numbers or design.
20	Sign face: The entire display surface area of a sign upon,
21	against or through which copy is placed.
22	(11) <u>Static Sign:</u> A sign that does not display motion graphics
23	or motion pictures
24	(12) <u>Temporary</u> : A banner, pennant, poster or advertising
25	display constructed of paper, cloth, canvas, plastic sheet,
26	cardboard, wallboard, plywood or other like materials and that
27	appears to be intended or is determined by the code official to

1	be displayed for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days from
2	the date of installation.
3	(c) Prohibited Signs. Signs are prohibited unless:
4	(1) constructed pursuant to a valid building permit when required
5	under this Code; and authorized under this Code;
6	(2) in residential zones or on property used for non-transient
7	residential uses, or in areas where at least sixty percent (60%) of
8	the properties within a five hundred (500) feet radius of the
9	proposed sign location is zoned residential, commercial signs are
10	prohibited.
11	(d) Permit Required.
12	(1) General. A sign permit is required prior to the display or
13	erection of any off-premise sign except as provided by this
14	Chapter.
15	(2) Application for Permit.
16	(A) An application for a sign permit must be filed with the
17	Department of Public Works Director, or his designee, on
18	forms furnished by the Department of Public Works
19	(DPW). The applicant must provide sufficient information
20	to determine if the proposed sign is allowed under this
21	Code and other applicable federal and local laws and
22	regulations. An application for a temporary sign must state
23	the dates intended for the erection and removal of the sign.
24	An application for any sign must state the date when the
25	owner intends to erect it.
26	(B) The application shall be accompanied by complete
27	information as required on forms provided by DPW and

1	shall include, but not be limited to, a site plan and
2	elevation drawings of the proposed off-premise sign,
3	indicating the proposed location of the sign, setbacks,
4	height, dimensions and square footage of the proposed
5	sign, and any other data as DPW may determine is
6	necessary for review of the application.
7	(C) In the case of new building construction, off-premise
8	signage may be represented on the project's DPW building
9	permit application and construction plans.
10	(D) Failure to secure a permit prior to construction or
11	installation of the sign shall constitute a violation of this
12	Act and be subject to penalties as provided by this Chapter.
13	(E) DPW must promptly process the sign permit
14	application and approve or reject the application, or notify
15	the applicant of deficiencies in the application within
16	forty-five (45) business days after receipt.
17	(F) DPW may implement superseding procedures, forms,
18	and written policies for administering the provisions of
19	this Code.
20	(G) If the application is rejected, DPW must provide, in
21	writing, a list of the reasons for the rejection. An
22	application must be rejected for non-compliance with the
23	terms of this code, the zoning ordinance, building code, or
24	other applicable law, regulation, or ordinance. Rejected
25	applications may be appealed to the Director of DPW,
26	provided the appeal is submitted in writing within fifteen
27	(15) business days from the date of rejection. The Director

1	of DPW shall issue Decision of Appeal in writing within
2	fifteen (15) business days of the submission of the appeal.
3	The Decision of Appeal shall articulate the basis and
4	reasoning resulting in said decision. The Decision of
5	Appeal shall be final.
6	(H) Failure to erect the sign within one (1) year of the date
7	of approval of the application by the Department shall
8	result in the permit being voided. However, the
9	Department may grant an extension of up to sixty (60)
10	days with proper justification from the applicant.
11	(I) Maintenance of signs shall not require a permit,
12	provided that such maintenance does not alter the location,
13	dimensions, or make any other material change that DPW
14	determines not to match the specifications of the sign
15	originally permitted.
16	(J) Any transfer of ownership for an existing permitted off-
17	premise sign shall require approval from DPW and shall
18	be recorded in the Records Division of Land Management;
19	in such case, a transfer fee shall apply in an amount equal
20	to a new permit.
21	(3) Permit Fee. A non-refundable fee of Four Hundred Dollars
22	(\$400) paid to the government of Guam shall accompany all off-
23	premise sign permit applications.
24	(A) Permit Renewal. Permits shall be renewed every four
25	(4) years, at which point a similar fee shall be assessed.

1	(B) Forfeiture of Fees. When any permit has been revoked
2	or application rejected under the terms of this Act, the
3	respective permit fee shall not be refunded.
4	(4) Duration and Revocation of Permit. If a sign is not installed
5	within one (1) year following the approval of an off-premise sign
6	permit application, the permit shall become void. The permit for
7	a temporary sign must state its duration, not to exceed thirty (30)
8	days. DPW may revoke a sign permit under any of the following
9	circumstances:
10	(A) DPW determines that information in the application
11	was materially false or misleading;
12	(B) mistake of material facts by the issuing authority for
13	which, had the correct facts been made known, the sign
14	permit in question would not have been issued;
15	(C) the sign as installed does not conform to the sign
16	permit application;
17	(D) failure to construct the off-premise sign structure
18	within the timeframe stipulated on the approved
19	application;
20	(E) any alteration of a sign structure for which a permit has
21	been issued which would cause that sign structure to fail
22	to comply with the provisions of this Act;
23	(F) the sign violates this code, zoning laws, the building
24	code, or any other applicable law, regulation, either federal
25	or local; or
26	(G) DPW determines that the sign is not being properly
27	maintained or has been abandoned.

1	(5) Permits Not Required. An off-premise sign permit is not
2	required for any official notices or advertisements posted or
3	displayed by or under the direction of any public or court officer
4	in the performance of official or directed duties; provided, that
5	all such signs must be removed no more than ten (10) days after
6	their purpose has been accomplished.
7	(e) Specific Off-Premise Sign Regulations by Property Zoning. The
8	following off-premise sign regulations must apply as indicated:
9	(1) Residential and Agricultural Zones. Off-premise signs are
10	not permitted on residential or agricultural zoned property; such
11	restrictions do not include temporary political campaign signs as
12	regulated by § 61542 of this Chapter.
13	(2) Commercial and Industrial Zones. This Subsection shall
14	apply to all commercial and industrial zoned property.
15	(A) Off-Premise Sign Regulations:
16	(i) All applicable building codes must be followed,
17	and the off-premise sign must not be detrimental to
18	public safety or property.
19	(ii) Should a sign be determined to be a direct
20	contributor to traffic accidents, as determined by the
21	Department of Public Works, who may be assisted by the
22	Guam Police Department and the Office of Highway
23	Safety, the owner of the sign shall take appropriate action
24	to mitigate the situation or remove the sign as may be
25	directed by the Director of DPW;
26	(iii) Sign Area: Off-premise signs must not exceed
27	thirty-two (32) square feet of sign area if adjacent to a

1 public street of three (3) lanes or less, and must not exceed 2 two hundred (200) square feet of sign area if adjacent to 3 a public street of four (4) lanes or more. 4 (iv) Dimension and Spacing: Off-premise signs must not exceed a length of twenty-five (25) feet or a 5 6 height, excluding foundation and supports, of twelve (12) 7 feet. In determining spacing limitations, the following 8 must apply: 9

## (aa) Minimum spacing must be as follows:

Type of Roadway	Minimum distance from	Minimum distance between signs
	intersection (in feet)	on same side of road (in feet)
Two lane road	<u>500</u>	1,000
Three or more lane road	1,000	2,500

10 (bb) For the purpose of applying the distance 11 12 requirements above, the following must apply: (1) distances must be measured 13 parallel to the centerline of the highway; 14 15 (2) measurements for the distance between off-premise signs must be based on 16 when the construction of the sign: 17 18 (A) received final approval by 19 the Department of Public Works 20 (DPW) measuring from the first offpremise sign to have received that 21 22 approval; or

1	(B) if DPW has not given final
2	approval to an off-premise sign that
3	will be limited by the spacing
4	requirement once it is constructed,
5	<u>then</u>
6	(i) measured from the
7	first off-premise sign given a
8	building permit that is not
9	cancelled or void at the time of
10	measurement; or
11	(ii) when no permit has
12	been issued that is still valid,
13	measured from the first fully
14	complete application for an off-
15	premise sign permit received by
16	DPW that has not been
17	cancelled or which is void; and
18	(iii) a back-to-back,
19	multiple off-premise signs on
20	one (1) freestanding pole,
21	double-faced or V-type off-
22	premise sign must be considered
23	as one (1) off-premise sign.
24	(3) A maximum of two (2) faces per
25	off-premise sign structure is allowed,
26	positioned either back to back or v-shaped,
27	such that only one (1) face is allowed per

1	side. Both sides of a double-faced or v-
2	shaped off-premise sign shall be of equal
3	size. In no case shall there be more than one
4	(1) face per directional flow of traffic.
5	(B) Setbacks. Minimum setback distances shall be as
6	<u>follows:</u>
7	(i) ten (10) feet from the edge of any road right-of-
8	<u>way;</u>
9	(ii) twenty (20) feet from the edge of the travel way
10	of a road if no right-of-way exists; and
11	(iii) twenty-five (25) feet from property lines other
12	than (i) and (ii).
13	(C) Location.
14	(i) Flat wall off-premise signs may be located on
15	any wall of a building.
16	(ii) Freestanding off-premise signs must have a
17	minimum clearance of eight (8) feet six (6) inches
18	above a sidewalk and fifteen (15) feet above
19	driveways or alleys.
20	(iii) A freestanding off-premise sign may project up
21	to a right-of-way provided there is a minimum
22	ground clearance of eight (8) feet six (6) inches and
23	provided the location complies with all federal and
24	<u>local statutes.</u>
25	(iv) Wall signs must not extend above the top of a
26	parapet wall or a roofline at the wall, whichever is
27	higher.

1	(v) No portion of a digital billboard must be located
2	within two hundred fifty (250) linear feet of the
3	property line of a parcel with a residential land use
4	designation.
5	(D) Height.
6	(i) Ground-mounted off-premise signs must not
7	exceed four (4) feet in height from ground level.
8	(ii) Freestanding off-premise signs and digital
9	billboards must not exceed twenty-eight (28) feet in
10	height from ground level.
11	(E) Owner provides a periodic maintenance plan and
12	natural disaster mitigation plan, submitted to and approved
13	<u>by DPW;</u>
14	(i) should the sign be freestanding, a visually
15	acceptable six (6) foot tall barrier or landscaping must be
16	constructed around the base of the sign.
17	(F) Contact Information Required. All permitted off-
18	premise signs shall have contact information affixed to the
19	<u>sign.</u>
20	(G) Non-Commercial Messages. Any sign allowed under
21	this Act may contain, in lieu of any other copy, any
22	otherwise lawful non-commercial message that does not
23	direct attention to a business operated for profit, or to a
24	commodity or service for sale.
25	(H) Public Service Announcements. Fifteen percent (15%)
26	of advertisement time every hour shall be made available

1	for public service announcements, and shall not be
2	banked.
3	(f) Illumination. No off-premise sign may be erected or maintained
4	which, by use of lights or illumination, creates a distracting or
5	hazardous condition to a motorist, pedestrian or the general public. In
6	addition:
7	(1) No exposed reflective type bulb, par spot or incandescent
8	lamp, which exceeds twenty-five (25) watts, may be exposed to
9	direct view from a public street or highway; however, it may be
10	used for indirect light illumination of the display surface of an
11	off-premise sign.
12	(2) Any digital display, as well as all other lighting on or related
13	to an off-premise sign, shall include a device, such as a variable
14	control regulator, to modulate the brightness of the light.
15	(3) When neon tubing is employed on the exterior or interior of
16	an off-premise sign, the capacity of such tubing must not exceed
17	three hundred (300) milliamperes rating for white tubing or one
18	hundred (100) milliamperes rating for any colored tubing.
19	(4) When fluorescent tubes are used for the interior illumination
20	of an off-premise sign, such illumination must not exceed an
21	equivalent to eight hundred (800) milliampere rating tubing
22	behind a plexiglass face spaced at least nine (9) inches, center to
23	<u>center.</u>
24	(5) Digital billboards allowed pursuant to this Act must:
25	(A) display only static messages that remain constant in
26	illumination intensity and do not have movement or the
27	appearance or optical illusion of movement;

1	(B) not operate at an intensity level of more than 0.3 foot-
2	candles over ambient light as measured at a distance of one
3	hundred fifty (150) feet;
4	(C) be equipped with a fully operational light sensor that
5	automatically adjusts the intensity of the billboard
6	according to the amount of ambient light;
7	(D) change from one (1) message to another message no
8	more frequently than once every ten (10) seconds and the
9	actual change process is accomplished in two (2) seconds
10	or less;
11	(E) be designed to either freeze the display in one (1) static
12	position, display a full black screen, or turn off in the event
13	of a malfunction; and
14	(F) not be authorized until DPW is provided evidence that
15	best industry practices for eliminating or reducing uplight
16	and light trespass were considered and built into the digital
17	billboard.
18	(g) Prohibited Off-Premise Signs. The following signs or lights are
19	prohibited which:
20	(1) are of a size, location, movement, coloring, or manner of
21	illumination which may be confused with or construed as a traffic
22	control device or which hide from view any traffic or street sign
23	or signal;
24	(2) contain or consist of banners, posters, pennants, ribbons,
25	streamers, strings of light bulbs, spinners, or other similarly
26	moving devices or signs which may move or swing as a result of
27	wind pressure. These devices when part of any sign are similarly

1	prohibited, unless they are permitted specifically by other
2	<u>legislation;</u>
3	(3) have blinking, flashing or fluttering lights or other
4	illuminating devices which exhibit movement, except digital
5	billboards as permitted pursuant to this Act;
6	(4) would be an original art display but does not have the
7	permission of the owner of the property on which it is located or
8	is graffiti; or
9	(5) are portable signs that do not comply with the location, size
10	or use restrictions of this Act.
11	(h) Compliance. Any off-premise sign which is altered, relocated, or
12	replaced must be brought immediately into compliance with all
13	provisions of this Act.
14	(i) Maintenance.
15	(1) Standards. The maintenance of off-premise signs shall be the
16	responsibility of the sign owner. The following minimum
17	maintenance standards shall be required:
18	(A) No sign shall have more than twenty percent (20%) of
19	its surface area covered with disfigured, cracked, ripped or
20	peeling paint or poster paper for a period of more than
21	thirty (30) consecutive days.
22	(B) No sign shall be allowed to stand with bent or broken
23	sign facing, broken supports, loose appendages or struts or
24	be allowed to stand more than fifteen (15) degrees away
25	from the perpendicular for a period of more than thirty
26	(30) consecutive days.

1	(C) No sign shall be allowed to have weeds, vines,
2	landscaping or other vegetation growing upon it or
3	obscuring its view from the street or highway from which
4	it is to be viewed for a period of more than thirty (30)
5	consecutive days.
6	(D) No directly or indirectly illuminated sign may be
7	allowed to stand with only partial illumination for a period
8	of more than thirty (30) consecutive days.
9	(2) Enforcement.
10	(A) The Department of Public Works shall be responsible
11	for inspecting all signs for compliance with the
12	maintenance requirements of this Act, and may be assisted
13	by the Guam Visitors Bureau and by Guam peace officers
14	as provided by this Act.
15	(B) The Department of Public Works has final authority in
16	determining whether a violation has occurred, and to
17	enforce compliance with this Act.
18	(j) Conflicts of Regulations. Where there is a conflict between a land
19	use regulation and a structural regulation, or other conflicts not
20	otherwise addressed by this Section, the most restrictive regulation
21	applies."
22	Section 3. Existing Off-Premise Signage. Any off-premise sign or digital
23	billboard which has been granted a variance by the Guam Land Use Commission, or
24	has been issued a Notice of Action from the Guam Land Use Commission, on or
25	before May 15, 2017, shall be deemed a legal non-conforming off-premise sign and
26	legally authorized to operate, provided that all business license requirements are met
27	and are thereafter maintained in good standing. Signs which were non-conforming

to prior Guam law and which do not conform to this Act must be removed immediately.

Section 4. Amortization of Legal Non-conforming Off-Premise Signage. For the purpose of amortization, legal non-conforming off-premise signs may be continued from the effective date of this Act for a period not to exceed five (5) years.

**Section 5.** § 61545 of Subarticle 5, Article 5, Chapter 61, Title 21, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

## **"§ 61545.** Penalty.

Any person who violates the <u>a</u> provision of § 61544 of this Chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) for each such violation. Should such violation not be mitigated within ten (10) business days of notice of violation from the Department of Public Works, said person shall be subject to an additional late action civil penalty not to exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100) per day for each remaining violation. The Director of Public Works shall have the authority to waive part or all of the late action penalty should the violator demonstrate a good faith effort to address the violation in a timely manner, provided that such waiver is limited to thirty (30) days. Actions to recover the penalty provided for in this Section shall be brought by the Attorney General at the request of any person in the territory of Guam. All penal ties penalties recovered in any such action shall be paid into the General Fund."

**Section 6. Severability.** If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid, or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall not* affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.